INSTRUCTIONS

#15-144 External Texture Gun

Prepare for use

We suggest that you mix 1 part cement, 1 part lime and 5 parts sand and mix with about 3 parts water. The consistency should be thick but pourable. Colouring can be added to the mix prior to spraying.

1. Set the adjustment handle on the side of the machine to about the 2nd setting (you start with a minor flicking handle action and only adjust when the **Flicker Bar** wears). Crank handle and keep the machine moving across the wall to be coated. Pass over the area quickly and do not "dwell".

You should not expect to cover the 'wall' background until you have passed over several times. The idea is to build up a honeycomb of tiny particles of cement which build up thickness between 5 and 7mm, (1/4'') - (3/8'').

2. Care should be taken not to merge one pass with another whilst still wet as this causes "slumping" (sagging due to wet weight). Provided you start with a reasonable area of wall and make passes along the lines of the horizontal you should not over blow. Later you can vary you direction to get a very random finish.

3. When applied to Cement Blocks or Bricks you might like to "blind" the mortar lines by the use of a render coat on the surface and then when dry, covering with the "Tyrolean" finish.

4. Colouring can be added to the mix prior to spraying and, provided the coating has not been painted, further coats can be added to freshen the colour in 4-5 years time.

CAUTION: Once a cement product has been painted the chemical properties of adhesion are lost. You cannot use these cement products on a gypsum plaster but they are ideal for covering low quality bricks or blocks.

The resultant finish resists rain and snow and, due to its honeycomb, also helps with sound and temperature insulation. Unlike cements and plasters that are smoothed together and subsequently craze and crack this "Tyrolean" finish resists all of these problems.





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